

Current Transducer LA 55-TP/SP27

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.





Electrical data

$I_{\rm PN} \\ I_{\rm PM}$	Primary nominal RMS current Primary current, measuring range			50 0 ±100			A A
R_{M}	Measuring resistance @		, ,	$T_{A} = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{A} =$			
			$R_{M\;min}$	R_{Mmax}	$R_{\rm M min}$	$R_{\rm Mmax}$	
	with ±12 V	@ $\pm 50 A_{max}$	0	215	0	210	Ω
		@ $\pm 100 A_{max}$	0	35	0	30	Ω
	with ±15 V	@ ±50 A _{max}	0	335	70	330	Ω
		@ ±100 A _{max}	0	95	70	90	Ω
$I_{\rm SN}$	Secondary nominal RMS current			25			mΑ
$N_{\rm P}/N_{\rm S}$	Turns ratio			1:2000			
U_{c}	Supply voltage (±5 %)			±12 15			V
I_{C}	Current consumption (±2)			10 (@ \pm 15 V) + $I_{\rm S}$			mΑ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

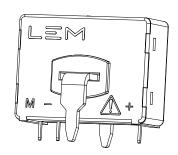
ε	Error @ I_{PN} , T_{Δ} = 25 °C	@ ±15 V (±5 %)	±0.65		%
	O PN, A	@ ±12 15 V (±5 %)	±0.90		%
$arepsilon_{L}$	Linearity error		< 0.15	;	%
			Тур	Max	
I_{OE}	Electrical offset current @	$I_{\rm P}$ = 0, $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C		±0.10	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current 1) (@ $I_{\rm p}$ = 0 and specified $R_{\rm M}$,			
O	а	ofter an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$		±0.15	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I		±0.05	±0.30	mA
01		−40 °C −25 °C	±0.10	±0.50	mA
t _{D 10}	Delay time to 10 % of the	final output value for $I_{\scriptscriptstyle \sf P N}$ ste	р	< 500	ns
t _{D 90}	Delay time to 90 % of the final output value for I_{PN} step ²⁾ < 1			μs	
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-1	dB)	DC	200	kHz

General data

$T_{\rm A} \\ T_{\rm Ast}$	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature		-40 +85 -40 +90	°C °C	
$R_{\rm S}$	Resistance of secondary winding	@ $T_{\Delta} = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	145	Ω	
9		@ $T_{A} = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	150	Ω	
m	Mass		25	g	
	Standards		EN 50155: 2007		
			EN 50121-3-2: 2016		
			UL 508: 2010		

Notes: 1) Result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit

$I_{PN} = 50 \text{ A}$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- $I_{PM} = 0 \dots \pm 100 \text{ A}$
- $N_{\rm p}/N_{\rm s} = 1:2000$
- $U_{\rm d}$ = 3.6 kV (to see page 2)
- $T_{\Lambda}^{\text{u}} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \dots +85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Potted.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

Application domain

Railway (fixed installations and onboard).

²⁾ For a di/dt = 100 A/µs.



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Insulation coordination					
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz/1 min	3.6	kV		
U_{Ni}	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	7.5	kV		
		Min			
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance 1)	8.3	mm		
$d_{ extsf{Cp}} \ d_{ extsf{Cl}}$	Clearance 2)	8.3	mm		
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600			

Notes: 1) Distance between hole busbar and winding

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

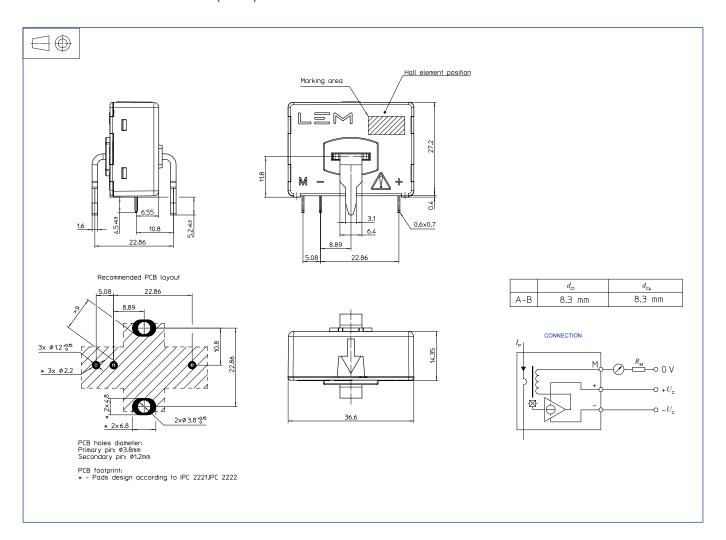
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

²⁾ Direct distance between hole busbar and winding.



Dimensions LA 55-TP/SP27 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

• Fastening & connection of primary

Recommended PCB hole

• Fastening & connection of secondary

Recommended PCB hole

±0.2 mm bus bar 6.4 × 1.6 mm 3.8 mm 3 pins 0.6 × 0.7 mm Ø 1.2 mm

Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 90 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/.